

Equality & Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA)

This Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA) will enable you to assess the **new**, **proposed or significantly changed** policy/ practice/ procedure/ function/ service** for equality and human rights implications.

Undertaking this assessment will help you to identify whether or not this policy/practice/ procedure/ function/ service** may have an adverse impact on a particular community or group of people. It will ultimately ensure that as an Authority we do not discriminate and we are able to promote equality, diversity and human rights.

Before completing this form please refer to the EHRIA <u>guidance</u>, for further information about undertaking and completing the assessment. For further advice and guidance, please contact your <u>Departmental Equalities Group</u> or <u>equality@leics.gov.uk</u>

**Please note: The term 'policy' will be used throughout this assessment as shorthand for policy, practice, procedure, function or service.

Key	/ Details
Name of policy being assessed:	T1 – Review of In House Services – Supported Accommodation for Older People in Leicestershire – Melton
Department and section:	Adults & Communities – Personal Care & Support
Name of lead officer/ job title and others completing this assessment:	Dianne Esmond – Project Manager (A&C Efficiencies and Service Reduction Programme) Claire Jones – Head of Service – In House Services
Contact telephone numbers:	0116 305 7487 0116 305 7553
Name of officer/s responsible for implementing this policy:	Claire Jones – Head of Service – In House Services
Date EHRIA assessment started:	30 April 2015
Date EHRIA assessment completed:	27 May 2015

Section 1: Defining the policy

Section 1: Defining the policy

You should begin this assessment by defining and outlining the scope of this policy. You should consider the impact or likely impact of the policy in relation to all areas of equality, diversity and human rights, as outlined in Leicestershire County Council's Equality Strategy.

1 What is new or changed in this policy? What has changed and why?

Catherine Dalley House EPH and Residential Care in Melton

- 1. Catherine Dalley House EPH remains the last older person's residential care home managed in-house. All other residential care services are commissioned from the independent sector.
- Catherine Dalley House EPH is not a purpose built residential care home, but was converted from a hunting lodge to a residential care home in 1957. The premises were last extensively modernised and improved in 1996 which included complete redecoration, with new carpets and furnishings throughout.
- 3. The Home is registered to provide residential care for persons aged 65 and above and is located a mile from the Melton Mowbray town centre. The maximum occupancy of the home is for up to 31 people, however due to the configuration of some rooms it is only able to provide personalised support for 28 long term placements. Currently there are 12 long term residents at the home.
- 4. As alternative models to residential care are developed, the complexity of needs of those accessing residential care home services continues to increase. Although the existing building is maintained in a reasonable condition, some of the current room sizes restrict accessibility by those with complex physical needs and pose a potential health and safety risk.
- 5. Catherine Dalley House EPH will require significant investment in the short to medium term to ensure that it continues to meet regulatory requirements. Investment/maintenance costs however will continue to increase due to the age and configuration of the property which will not be viable in the medium to long term. Catherine Dalley will struggle to meet the needs and expectation of the older people of the future due to the limitations of the building.
- 6. Cabinet approval to the commencement of a public consultation on the future of Catherine Dalley House Elderly Person Home EPH, is to be sought. A report is therefore being taken to Cabinet on 16 June 2015 with the purpose of seeking approval for the consultation and to

- explore the options for developing the Catherine Dalley House EPH/ former Silverdale Hostel sites in Melton including a feasibility study to develop a standalone extra care housing scheme on the site;
- 7. The Cabinet report will seek approval to fully consult with all relevant stakeholders, including residents, relatives, staff, partners, Members and the community to identify all relevant issues and concerns.
- 8. The Cabinet Report will propose that the consultation will be held in June September 2014 for a period of 90 days.
- 9. The outcomes of the consultation will be presented to the Cabinet in November 2015.
- Does this relate to any other policy within your department, the Council or with other partner organisations? *If yes, please reference the relevant policy or EHRIA. If unknown, further investigation may be required.*
 - The Care Act 2014 and the Care and Support Statutory Guidance issued under it sets out local authorities' obligations towards adults with needs for care and support and carers. The implementation of the Act from April 2015 represents a shift from the previous duties on local authorities to provide particular services to the concept of meeting needs. This recognises that everyone's needs are different and personal to them, and that local authorities must consider how to meet each person's specific needs rather than simply considering which service they will fit into.
 - The Act introduces a national level of care and support needs that all councils will consider when they assess what help they provide. National eligibility criteria and universal deferred payments came into force in April 2015. Carers will be on the same footing as those they care for and there will be rights to choice, through support plans and personal budgets. The Act will put a limit on the amount those receiving care will have to pay towards the costs of their care, with a cap on care costs beginning in April 2016.
 - Savings of £150k in 16/17 increasing to £250k in 17/18 are included in the current MTFS from 2015/16 onwards for the review of all in house services including the potential closure of Catherine Dalley EPH.
- Who are the people/ groups (target groups) affected and what is the intended change or outcome for them?

The consultation will involve five key groups:

- Residents of Catherine Dalley EPH;
- Carers and/or Families;
- Staff and trade unions;
- Members and members of the public;

Stakeholders, community groups and partner organisations

Any decision on the options for the closure of Catherine Dalley EPH and the development of Extra Care Housing on the site will not be taken until consultation has taken place and the views of the above taken fully into account and balanced against any issues highlighted.

The following requirements for the consultation process will be adhered to:

- Consultation must be at a time when the proposals are still at a formative stage;
- The County Council must give sufficient reasons for any proposals to permit intelligent consideration and response;
- Adequate time must be given for those affected to consider and respond;
- ➤ The product of consultation must be conscientiously taken into account when finalising any proposals.

A draft consultation framework (Research Governance Framework RGF) has been produced which aims to:

- Allow interested parties to input their views on the options;
- Provide a variety of ways for people and groups to access the consultation;
- ➤ Enhance the information available to Members and so improve the quality of the decision making.

The framework will also provide a structure to:

- Allow interested parties to input their views on the proposals;
- Provide a variety of ways for people and groups to access that consultation including:
- An on line questionnaire open and available to the general public of Leicestershire on the LCC website
- Dedicated email address;
- Dedicated telephone helpline;
- Freepost address;
- Web-based form and information on the Council's website;

Information will be available in different formats upon request and dedicated support workers will assist with face-to face consultation with service users.

Advocacy services will also be used where appropriate.

Any consultation will take place over a minimum of 90 days period;

Will this policy meet the Equality Act 2010 requirements to have due regard to the need to meet any of the following aspects? (Please tick and explain how)

the need to meet an	y of the	following	g aspects? (Please tick and explain how)
	Yes	No	How?
Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation			It should be acknowledged that the consultation proposals are likely to result in increased anxiety in the short term, which is a common natural consequence of change. However there is no expectation for this consultation on the proposals set out above to have any adverse impact on people accessing services at Catherine Dalley EPH in respect of the equalities requirements. Consultation with existing staff, service users, their families/carers and the general public will be undertaken prior to proceeding with the final decision on the proposals. We will need to develop means of engaging with current service users of Catherine Dalley EPH in order to allow them to participate and influence the consultation, whilst being mindful of the potential distress such engagement may cause, given the nature of the proposals. Leicestershire County Council and the
			Adults & Communities Department adheres to robust Equalities, Diversity and Human Rights policies in its delivery of service, both statutory and nonstatutory.
Advance equality of opportunity between different groups			As Above
Foster good relations between different groups			As Above

Section 2: Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA) Screening

Section 2: Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment Screening

The purpose of this section of the assessment is to help you decide if a full EHRIA is required.

If you have already identified that a full EHRIA is needed for this policy/ practice/ procedure/ function/ service, either via service planning processes or other means, then please go straight to <u>Section 3</u> on Page 7 of this document.

	ion 2 esearch and Consultation		
5.	Have the target groups been consulted about the following?	Yes	No*
	a) their current needs and aspirations and what is important to them;		✓
	b) any potential impact of this change on them (positive and negative, intended and unintended);		✓
	c) potential barriers they may face		✓
6.	If the target groups have not been consulted directly, have representatives been consulted or research explored (e.g. Equality Mapping)?		√
7.	Have other stakeholder groups/ secondary groups (e.g. carers of service users) been explored in terms of potential unintended impacts?		√
8.	*If you answered 'no' to the question above, please use the what consultation you are planning to undertake, or why yo be necessary.	•	
	Subject to Cabinet approval the consultation will adopt the methodology:	following res	earch
	 An on line questionnaire open and available to the gene Leicestershire on the LCC website. However there will be of the consultation through the local media in the Melton establishments such as Libraries, Day Centres etc, GP to ensure those most affected by the proposals have an their say; 	e targeted p area, and i surgeries an	oromotion n LCC nd hospitals
	 As well as the above there will be separate consultation for the current residents and/or their family members/ca working at Catherine Dalley. This will be organised and individual invitation letters; 	rers and cur	rent staff

- 3. The consultation process will also be assisted by the Corporate Campaigns and Research & Insight Teams in the design of the questionnaires, ongoing monitoring of the on line questionnaire and analysis of the responses upon completion of the consultation process;
- 4. The lead service manager has a wealth of experience and access to departmental expertise in terms of engagement and wellbeing of residents of Catherine Dalley EPH. We will ensure that all users are represented individually and that opportunities for collective responses are facilitated.
- 5. We will give sufficient time for the consultation and ensure that all responses are given proper consideration. If the possibility arises that the final decision regarding the future of Catherine Dalley House could result in a reduction in residential provision in the Melton area, data will be collected and analysed to ensure that the locality has sufficient capacity to meet current and projected need.

Section 3 B: Monitoring Impact 9. Are there systems set up to: a) monitor impact (positive and negative, intended and unintended) for different groups; b) enable open feedback and suggestions from different communities

Note: If no to Question 8, you will need to ensure that monitoring systems are established to check for impact on the protected characteristics.

Section 2

C: Potential Impact

10.

Use the table below to specify if any individuals or community groups who identify with any of the 'protected characteristics' may potentially be affected by this policy and describe any positive and negative impacts, including any barriers.

	Yes	No	Comments
Age	√		Older people are the majority group for the provision of residential care. The greatest impact of the consultation on the above proposals will be on the current residents of Catherine Dalley EPH. The process of engagement with residents, families and carers will be central to the success of the consultation.

Disability	√	A programme of face to face and written consultation process will be implemented and will also need to ensure that information is readily available and understood to support equitable access to the engagement aspect of the consultation process.
		The 12 long term service users at Catherine Dalley House have the following disabilities; 1 person has a learning disability and requires full
		support with all personal care and medication. They need visual supervision when walking/transferring and with eating and drinking (the person is on a soft diet).
		1 person has mental health problems and requires full assistance with personal care, medication and supervision for transfers.
		3 people have dementia and require full assistance with personal care, medication and eating/drinking. They can walk unaided with visual observation/direction.
		2 people have severe dementia and require assistance with all aspects of personal care. Hoists are required for all transfers.
		1 person has moderate dementia and needs full assistance with personal care and medication. The person requires transfer with use of a hoist occasionally, but otherwise can transfer independently and eats and drinks independently.
		1 person has moderate

			dementia and can transfer independently with supervision. This person requires full support with personal care and medication but can eat and drink independently with encouragement. 1 person has a physical disability and requires minimum support with personal care, medication and nutritional input. They can transfer independently with a Zimmer frame. 2 people have a physical disability and are in the early stages of dementia. They require moderate support with personal care and medication and can walk independently with use of a Zimmer frame. The Consultation will take into account people's communication needs, including the need for representation and advocacy if people are unable to speak for them. Their needs will also be fully taken into account if any alternative accommodation options are to be explored.
Gender Reassignment		√	No impacts identified as yet.
Marriage and Civil Partnership		✓	See Above
Pregnancy and Maternity		✓	N/A – Not relevant to residential care provision
Race	√		It will be ensured that the current residents of Catherine Dalley EPH have appropriate support to meet their cultural and racial needs during the consultation process.
Religion or Belief	√		As part of the consultation process the religious or other beliefs of affected residents will

		be taken into account.
		De taken into account.
Sex	✓	There are currently 9 females and 3 males in Catherine Dalley EPH. Whilst this means that there may be a potentially disproportionate impact on females this is neither intentional nor is there anything which can be done to mitigate this gender imbalance, which closely aligns to the national average for long term residential care. The consultation process is therefore not expected to have a disproportionate impact on this group.
Sexual Orientation	√	LCC Adult Social Care is required to provide a service that does not discriminate on grounds of sexual orientation as per the Council's policies and procedures and there will be no barriers to accessing the consultation based on sexual orientation.
Other groups e.g. rural isolation, deprivation, health inequality, carers, asylum seeker and refugee communities, looked after children, deprived or disadvantaged communities		All access to Social Care Services in Leicestershire is dependent on the national minimum eligibility thresholds for adults and carers as out in section 13 of the Care Act 2014 and in the Care and Support (Eligibility Criteria) Regulations 2014. LCC adopted these provisions from April 2015. As part of an individual care needs assessment or review the commissioning worker will identify if any person has specific needs. For example this might be related to communication where their first language is not English and then interpreters and written information about the service will be provided in the appropriate language.

Community Cohesion	√	It is not envisaged that the consultation on the above proposals will lead to a reduction in social cohesion. We will ensure that people are empowered and enabled to fully access their rights and freedoms as a member of society with regard to having their say in the consultation process. This will be ensured by having a robust communication plan in the
		communication plan in the promotion of the consultation.

11.

Are the human rights of individuals <u>potentially</u> affected by this proposal? Could there be an impact on human rights for any of the protected characteristics? **(Please tick)**

Explain why you consider that any particular <u>article in the Human Rights Act</u> may apply to your policy/ practice/ function or procedure and how the human rights of individuals are likely to be affected below: [NB. Include positive and negative impacts as well as barriers in benefiting from the above proposal]

	Yes	No	Comments
Part 1: The Convention- Right	ts and l	Freedo	oms
Article 2: Right to life	•		This article imposes a positive obligation on councils to take steps to safeguard life, applicable in circumstances such as this where a decision may have a negative impact on life expectancy. As successive studies demonstrate (see Williams, Netten & Ware PSSRU discussion paper 2012/3) forced moves from care homes are frequently hazardous to health and life. These dangers can be offset considerably by taking into account the wishes of those directly affected, and managing any necessary transfers carefully and sensitively.
Article 3: Right not to be tortured or treated in an inhuman or degrading way	✓		Services are provided so not to expose a person to degrading treatment. Due to the complex physical and mental health needs of individuals who receive these services, there is often a personal care element to the support

provid	ded. This is provided by
	oly skilled and trained pers of staff who are able to
	er dignified personal care
servio	•
Staff	delivering the service should
	ve received training in
	on to Safeguarding and cleblowing policies and
	dures, to ensure that people
	/e appropriate support in the
right	way.
Article 4: Right not to be ✓	
subjected to slavery/ forced labour	
	rity in care homes should not
	ct movement unduly or be ved via excessive restraint.
	th all LCC services, service
users	are made aware of their right
	cess the Corporate
Article 7: No punishment ✓	laints procedure.
without law	
3	nderstood that Catherine
•	y house is home to the 12
	ents and regarded as such by riends and family. The
	dual needs of each person
	ken into account in planning
	ervices people receive. Needs
	e re- assessed with the vement of the service users
	neir families prior to working
	hem to establish, in addition
to the	services they need, what
	of accommodation they
	I be interested in moving to where they would be located.
	onal data held suggests that
	t one of the current residents
have	close ties to the Melton area.
Article 9: Right to freedom of ✓	
3	
thought, conscience and religion	
thought, conscience and religion Article 10: Right to freedom ✓ As m	entioned above the
thought, conscience and religion Article 10: Right to freedom of expression As m const	entioned above the ultation process will take into unt the requirements of

				residents, c advocates t respect hur legal require case law.	o participato nan rights ir	ies and e, and will n line with
	Article 11: Right to freedom		✓			
	of assembly and association					
	Article 12: Right to marry		•			
	Article 14: Right not to be	✓		Leicestersh	ire County (Council and
	discriminated against			the Adults &		
				Departmen		
				Equalities a its delivery		
				statutory ar		
		1	_1	1 otatatory ar	ia non otatu	
	Part 2: The First Protocol					
	Article 1: Protection of		✓			
	property/ peaceful					
	enjoyment Article 2: Right to education		1			
	Article 2. Right to education					
	Article 3: Right to free		✓			
	elections					
Secti	on 2					
D: De	ecision	ason :	to	Voc	No	Unknown
		eason ·	to	Yes	No	Unknown
D: De	ecision Is there evidence or any other resuggest that:		_	Yes	No ✓	Unknown
D: De	ecision Is there evidence or any other re	ifferen	t	Yes	No ✓	Unknown
D: De	Is there evidence or any other resuggest that: a) this policy could have a difference or any other resuggest.	ifferen on any	t	Yes	No ✓	Unknown
D: De	Is there evidence or any other resuggest that: a) this policy could have a diaffect or adverse impact of section of the community;	ifferen on any	t,	Yes	No ✓	Unknown
D: De	Is there evidence or any other resuggest that: a) this policy could have a diaffect or adverse impact of section of the community; b) any section of the community	ifferen	nt ,	Yes	No ✓	Unknown
D: De	Is there evidence or any other resuggest that: a) this policy could have a diaffect or adverse impact of section of the community;	ifferen	nt ,	Yes	No ✓	Unknown
D: De	Is there evidence or any other resuggest that: a) this policy could have a diaffect or adverse impact of section of the community; b) any section of the community face barriers in benefiting proposal Based on the answers to the que	ifferen on any inity m	nay the		✓	
D: De 12.	Is there evidence or any other resuggest that: a) this policy could have a diaffect or adverse impact of section of the community; b) any section of the community face barriers in benefiting proposal	ifferen on any inity m	nay the		✓	
D: De 12.	Is there evidence or any other resuggest that: a) this policy could have a diaffect or adverse impact of section of the community; b) any section of the community face barriers in benefiting proposal Based on the answers to the que	ifferent any inity many from the estions	nay the		✓	et of this
13.	Is there evidence or any other resuggest that: a) this policy could have a diaffect or adverse impact of section of the community; b) any section of the community face barriers in benefiting proposal Based on the answers to the question policy	ifferent any inity many from the stions	nay the s abov	e, what is the	√ likely impact Negative In Impact Uni	et of this mpact or X known
13.	Is there evidence or any other resuggest that: a) this policy could have a diaffect or adverse impact of section of the community; b) any section of the community; b) any section of the community; b) any section of the community; Based on the answers in benefiting proposal Based on the answers to the que policy No Impact Positive Impact If the decision is 'Negative Impact	ifferent any inity many from the stions	nay the s abov	e, what is the	√ likely impace Negative Ir Impact Unit	et of this mpact or X known

Section 2: Completion of EHRIA Screening

Upon completion of the screening section of this assessment, you should have identified whether an EHRIA Report is required for further investigation of the impacts of this policy.

Option 1: If you identified that an EHRIA Report <u>is required</u>, continue to <u>Section 3</u> on Page 7 of this document to complete.

Option 2: If there are <u>no</u> equality, diversity or human rights impacts identified and an EHRIA report <u>is not required</u>, continue to <u>Section 4</u> on Page 14 of this document to complete.

Section 4: Sign off and scrutiny

Upon completion, the Lead Officer completing this assessment is required to sign the document in the section below.

It is required that this Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA) is scrutinised by your <u>Departmental Equalities Group</u> and signed off by the Chair of the Group.

Once scrutiny and sign off has taken place, a depersonalised version of this EHRIA should be published on Leicestershire County Council's website. Please send a copy of this form to louisa.jordan@leics.gov.uk, Members Secretariat, in the Chief Executive's department for publishing.

Section 4 A: Sign Off and Scrutiny
Confirm, as appropriate, which elements of the EHRIA have been completed and are required for sign off and scrutiny.
Equality and Human Rights Assessment Screening $\boxed{\chi}$
Equality and Human Rights Assessment Report
1 st Authorised Signature (EHRIA Lead Officer):
Dione P Zonal
Date:26 th May 2015
2 nd Authorised Signature (DEG Chair): Date:26 th May 2015

Section 3: Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA) Report

Section 3: Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment Report

This part of the assessment will help you to think thoroughly about the impact of this policy and to critically examine whether it is likely to have a positive or negative impact on different groups within our diverse community. It is also to identify any barriers that may detrimentally affect under-represented communities or groups, who may be disadvantaged by the way in which we carry out our business.

Using the information gathered either within the EHRIA Screening or independently of this process, this EHRIA Report should be used to consider the impact or likely impact of the policy in relation to all areas of equality, diversity and human rights as outlined in Leicestershire County Council's Equality Strategy.

Section 3

A: Research and Consultation

When considering the target groups it is important to think about whether new data needs to be collected or whether there is any existing research that can be utilised.

- **15.** Based on the gaps identified either in the EHRIA Screening or independently of this process, <u>how</u> have you now explored the following and <u>what</u> does this information/data tell you about each of the diverse groups?
 - a) current needs and aspirations and what is important to individuals and community groups (including human rights);
 - b) likely impacts (positive and negative, intended and unintended) to individuals and community groups (including human rights);
 - c) likely barriers that individuals and community groups may face (including human rights)

Catherine Dalley House is now home to 11 residents as one resident died in the Summer. As recorded in the screening part of this document, LCC acknowledges the known risks involved in moving elderly residents with deteriorating health conditions, and the consultation questions had this consideration in mind. The Consultation on the closure of Catherine Dalley House was carried out between 23 June – 21 September 2015, in accordance with County Council approved methodology, with 5 key groups:

- > Residents of Catherine Dalley EPH:
- Carers and/or Families;
- Staff and trade unions;
- Members and members of the public;

> Stakeholders, community groups and partner organisations

The Consultation responses clarified that there are concerns about:

- The impact of moving on Catherine Dalley House residents health and life expectancy;
- Capacity in the Melton area to meet the needs of residents;
- How future specialist needs will be met;
- The financial impact of moving residents.

There is acceptance that the Catherine Dalley House building has shortcomings as a location for a residential service.

The full results of the consultation will be collated as part of the Cabinet Report of 18 November.

These concerns are listed in the Equality Improvement Plan at the end of this document, with actions for mitigation listed alongside.

Is any further research, data collection or evidence required to fill any gaps in your understanding of the potential or known affects of the policy on target groups?

No further research required

When considering who is affected by this proposed policy, it is important to think about consulting with and involving a range of service users, staff or other stakeholders who may be affected as part of the proposal.

17. Based on the gaps identified either in the EHRIA Screening or independently of this process, <u>how</u> have you further consulted with those affected on the likely impact and <u>what</u> does this consultation tell you about each of the diverse groups?

No further consultation required

18. Is any further consultation required to fill any gaps in your understanding of the potential or known effects of the policy on target groups?

No further consultation required

Section 3

B: Recognised Impact

19. Based on any evidence and findings, use the table below to specify if any individuals or community groups who identify with any 'protected characteristics' are <u>likely</u> be affected by this policy. Describe any positive and negative impacts, including what barriers these individuals or groups may face.

are <u>likely</u> be affected by this policy. Describe any positive and negative impacts, including what barriers these individuals or groups may face.				
	Comments			
Age	Older people are the majority group for the provision of residential care. The greatest impact of the consultation on the above proposals will be on the current residents of Catherine Dalley EPH. The process of engagement with residents, families and carers is central to the implementation of any decision.			
	During the Consultation a programme of fato face and written consultation was implemented to help ensure that information was readily available and understood to support equitable access to the engagement aspect of the consultation process.			
	At the request of relatives, residents were not included directly in the consultation as their understanding is impaired, and raising the question of closure would upset them. Independent advocates were employed where necessary to assist with the consultation process.			
Disability	There are now 11 long term service users at Catherine Dalley House as one resident died in the Summer. Those remaining have the following disabilities;			
	1 person has a learning disability and requires full support with all personal care and medication. They need visual supervision when walking/transferring and with eating and drinking (the person is on a soft diet). They experiences seizures and need staff support to avoid hospital admission.			
	2 residents have severe Alzheimer's and require full assistance with all aspects of personal care, medication, transfers, with use of moving and handling equipment and nutritional intake, supporting them to eat and drink from staff on a 1.1 basis. 1 person displays challenging behaviour, both physical			

and verbal.

1 person has severe Alzheimer's and requires full assistance with all aspects of personal care, medication, transfers, with use of moving and handling equipment and nutritional intake. This person displays challenging behaviour, both physical and verbal

1 person has mental health problems and requires full assistance with personal care, medication and supervision for transfers.

2 persons have severe Alzheimer's, require full support with choice, personal care and medication. They can, however, walk independently with the supervision of one staff member. 1 person also displays challenging behaviour both verbal and physical.

1 person has severe dementia and requires full support with all aspects of personal care, medication, nutritional intake. They can walk independently with a zimmer frame, but this requires staff visual observation and supervision to minimise risk of falls, and reassurance from staff in relation to time and place.

1 person requires full support during the night hours due to anxiety issues. They requires 1.1 supervision and assistance with aspects of personal care, medication, choices of foods/fluids in relation to diabetic diet, and assistance of moving and handling equipment for transfers and wheelchair assistance for distances.

1 person has limited insight to their dementia status but needs regular support with time, place and environment. They require support with some aspects of personal care, medication and nutritional intake. They can eat and drink and walk with a zimmer frame independently.

1 person has a physical disability and is in the early stages of dementia. They require moderate support with personal care and medication and can walk independently with

	use of a simple of frame
	use of a zimmer frame.
Gender Reassignment	No impacts identified
	·
Marriage and Civil Partnership	See Above
warnage and Givii Farthership	See Above
Prognancy and Maternity	N/A – Not relevant to residential care
Pregnancy and Maternity	provision
	·
Race	It will be ensured that the current residents of Catherine Dalley EPH continue to have
	appropriate support to meet their cultural and
	racial needs if they relocate to another service.
Religion or Belief	The religious or other beliefs of affected residents are taken into account when care
	packages are agreed
Sex	There are currently 8 females and 3 males in Catherine Dalley EPH. Whilst this means that
	there may be a potentially disproportionate
	impact on females this is neither intentional nor is there anything which can be done to
	mitigate this gender imbalance, which closely
	aligns to the national average for long term residential care.
	Any decision is therefore not expected to
	have a disproportionate impact on this group.
Sexual Orientation	LCC Adult Social Care is required to provide a service that does not discriminate on
	grounds of sexual orientation as per the
	Council's policies and procedures.
Other groups	All access to Social Care Services in
e.g. rural isolation, deprivation,	Leicestershire is dependent on the national
health inequality, carers, asylum seeker and refugee	minimum eligibility thresholds for adults and carers as out in
communities, looked after	section 13 of the Care Act 2014 and in the
children, deprived or disadvantaged communities	Care and Support (Eligibility Criteria) Regulations 2014. LCC adopted these
aisaavainagea communities	provisions from April 2015.
	As part of an individual care needs
	assessment or review the commissioning
	worker will identify if any person has specific

	needs. For example this might be related to communication where their first language is not English and then interpreters and written information about the service will be provided in the appropriate language.
Community Cohesion	It is not envisaged that any decision reached on closure will lead to a reduction in social cohesion. We will ensure that people are empowered and enabled to fully access their rights and freedoms as a member of society with regard to having their say in the in te implementation of any decisions reached.

Based on any evidence and findings, use the table below to specify if any particular Articles in the Human Rights Act are <u>likely</u> apply to your policy. Are the human rights of any individuals or community groups affected by this proposal? Is there an impact on human rights for any of the protected characteristics?		
Comments		
Part 1: The Convention- Right	s and Freedoms	
Article 2: Right to life	This article imposes a positive obligation on councils to take steps to safeguard life, applicable in circumstances such as this where a decision may have a negative impact on life expectancy. As successive studies demonstrate (see Williams, Netten & Ware PSSRU discussion paper 2012/3) forced moves from care homes are frequently hazardous to health and life. These dangers can be offset considerably by taking into account the wishes of those directly affected, and managing any necessary transfers carefully and sensitively.	
Article 3: Right not to be tortured or treated in an inhuman or degrading way	Services are provided so not to expose a person to degrading treatment. Due to the complex physical and mental health needs of individuals who receive these services, there is often a personal care element to the support provided. This is provided by suitably skilled and trained members of staff who are able to deliver dignified personal care services.	
	Staff delivering the service should all have received training in relation to Safeguarding	

	and Whistleblowing policies and procedures, to ensure that people receive appropriate support in the right way.
Article 4: Right not to be subjected to slavery/ forced labour	
Article 5: Right to liberty and security	Security in care homes should not restrict movement unduly or be achieved via excessive restraint.
Article 6: Right to a fair trial	As with all LCC services, service users are made aware of their right to access the Corporate complaints procedure.
Article 7: No punishment without law	,
Article 8: Right to respect for private and family life	It is understood that Catherine Dalley house is home to 11 residents and regarded as such by their friends and family. The individual needs of each person are taken into account in planning the services people receive. Needs will be re-assessed with the involvement of the service users and their families prior to working with them to establish, in addition to the services they need, what types of accommodation they would be interested in moving to and where they would be located. Personal data held suggests that all but one of the current residents have close ties to the Melton area.
Article 9: Right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion	
Article 10: Right to freedom of expression	As mentioned above the requirements of individuals and their views will be established by providing a variety of methods for residents, carers, families and advocates to communicate and participate, and will respect human rights in line with legal requirements and current case law.
Article 11: Right to freedom of assembly and association	
Article 12: Right to marry	
Article 14: Right not to be	Leicestershire County Council and the Adults & Communities Department adhere to robus

Part 2: The First Protocol	
Article 1: Protection of property/ peaceful enjoyment	
Article 2: Right to education	
Article 3: Right to free elections	

Section 3

C: Mitigating and Assessing the Impact

Taking into account the research, data, consultation and information you have reviewed and/or carried out as part of this EHRIA, it is now essential to assess the impact of the policy.

21. If you consider there to be actual or potential adverse impact or discrimination, please outline this below. State whether it is justifiable or legitimate and give reasons.

If Catherine Dalley House closes, both the residents and staff will be affected.

Concerns have been expressed about the quality of alternative care provision in Melton Mowbray.

See paragraph 22 for further detail on how these concerns will be addressed.

N.B.

- i) If you have identified adverse impact or discrimination that is <u>illegal</u>, you are required to take action to remedy this immediately.
- ii) If you have identified adverse impact or discrimination that is <u>justifiable or legitimate</u>, you will need to consider what actions can be taken to mitigate its effect on those groups of people.
- Where there are potential barriers, negative impacts identified and/or barriers or impacts are unknown, please outline how you propose to minimise all negative impact or discrimination.
 - a) include any relevant research and consultations findings which highlight the best way in which to minimise negative impact or discrimination
 - consider what barriers you can remove, whether reasonable adjustments may be necessary, and how any unmet needs that you have identified can be addressed
 - c) if you are not addressing any negative impacts (including human rights) or potential barriers identified for a particular group, please explain why

If a decision is taken to close Catherine Dalley House, the needs of residents will be fully assessed. Residents will be supported to relocate to alternative appropriate accommodation, either in the Melton area or elsewhere if they choose.

The Home will not close until all residents have been satisfactorily relocated to suitable accommodation.

There are currently 6 residential care homes (excluding Catherine Dalley House) in the Melton Mowbray area offering care and support for people with dementia conditions. All are required to conform to CQC standards and, where contracting with LCC, meet contractual obligations.

Catherine Dalley House will remain open until all residents have satisfactorily relocated. Relatives will be consulted on the options available.

No individual will be financially disadvantaged by the move.

If the Home closes staff will face redundancy. They will be supported in line with LCC's organisational change policy.

Section 3

D: Making a decision

23. Summarise your findings and give an overview as to whether the policy will meet Leicestershire County Council's responsibilities in relation to equality, diversity, community cohesion and human rights.

The needs of the current residents will be prioritised and the service will not close until all have relocated to appropriate accommodation.

The Council's responsibilities in relation to equality, diversity, community cohesion and human rights have been met. *Please see the Equality Improvement Plan for details of how this will be achieved, timelines, and responsible officers.*

Section 3

E: Monitoring, evaluation & review of your policy

24. Are there processes in place to review the findings of this EHRIA and make appropriate changes? In particular, how will you monitor potential barriers and any positive/ negative impact?

If a decision is reached to close Catherine Dalley House, progress on residents' being reviewed and relocated will be made on a monthly basis by the Locality Manager.

25. How will the recommendations of this assessment be built into wider planning and review processes?

e.g. policy reviews, annual plans and use of performance management systems

Section 3:

F: Equality and human rights improvement plan

Please list all the equality objectives, actions and targets that result from the Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA) (continue on separate sheets as necessary). These now need to be included in the relevant service plan for mainstreaming and performance management purposes.

Equality Objective	Action	Target	Officer Responsible	By when
Protect the health and wellbeing of current residents as required by the age and disability provisions of the Equality Act, and by Articles 2,3 and 8 of the Human Rights Act (HRA).	 Expertise of social work and care staff to be fully utilised in assessing residents' needs and during the process of moving. Ensure that the timescale of closure is determined by the interests of residents, not LCC's savings requirements. Ensure that residents and their carers are fully informed of alternative provision, its capacity and suitability in meeting assessed needs. 	Minimise the potential negative impacts of moving on the health and life expectancy of Catherine Dalley House residents.	Claire Jones	Up to the point at which the last resident has relocated to alternative accommodation.

Protect the interests of County residents suffering from dementia, in the light of the closure of Catherine Dalley House, as per the provisions listed above.	 Ensure that market capacity is maintained in the Melton area as far as possible. Use available demographic data and projections to establish future needs as accurately as possible. Ensure that fee setting for residential provision takes account of the costs of providing specialist care. 	Strategic commissioning and market development	Ongoing
Protect the financial interests of residents during the moving process and subsequently, as per the Equality Act provisions listed above, and Article 8 HRA.	 Ensure that all residents' removal costs are covered. Ensure residents are not financially disadvantaged from moving to alternative accommodation. 	Review Staff with support from CCF	Up to the point at which the last resident has relocated to alternative accommodation.

Section 4: Sign off and scrutiny

Upon completion, the Lead Officer completing this assessment is required to sign the document in the section below.

It is required that this Equality and Human Rights Impact Assessment (EHRIA) is scrutinised by your <u>Departmental Equalities Group</u> and signed off by the Chair of the Group.

Once scrutiny and sign off has taken place, a depersonalised version of this EHRIA should be published on Leicestershire County Council's website. Please send a copy of this form to louisa.jordan@leics.gov.uk, Members Secretariat, in the Chief Executive's department for publishing.

Section 4 A: Sign Off and Scrutiny	
Confirm, as appropriate, which elements of the EHRIA have been comprequired for sign off and scrutiny.	oleted and are
Equality and Human Rights Assessment Screening	
Equality and Human Rights Assessment Report X	
1 st Authorised Signature (EHRIA Lead Officer): Date:15 October 2015	
2 nd Authorised Signature (DEG Chair): Date:15 October2015	